

3rd Complex PCI Make it Simple!



Seoul, Korea: 29-30 November 2018

Complex PCI in Complex Situations

When PCI and when CABG in the Year 2019

Speaker - 10'

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No conflicts to disclose





Left Main interventions are frequently more dependent upon lesions outside the left main





Variables related to the patient

Variables related to the lesions

Variables related to the devices/procedure

Variables related to medical therapy

Complete versus incomplete revascularization

Variables related to the operator

I will skip HYBRID revascularization





Variables related to the patient





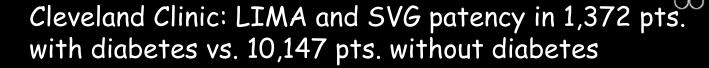
Diabetes: will favor CABG; the results of FREEDOM Trial remain a bench mark, nevertheless diabetes should not be considered a binary variable

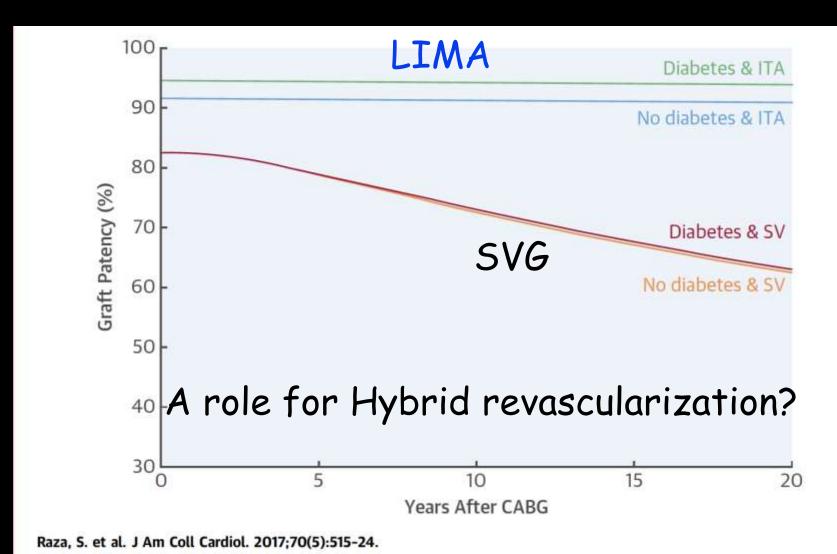
Renal failure: may favor PCI

Low EF: neutral or site and operator dependent

Very low EF: may favor PCI with support devices, IMPELLA (may allow more complete revascularization); limited role for IABP











JACC 2017

Cherry-Picking Historical Data to Legitimize Contemporary Practice

Should Diabetic Status Influence Decision-Making in Complex CAD?*

Patrick W. Serruys, MD, PhD, a,b Vasim Farooq, MBChB, PhD

It is more relevant to consider the consequences of diabetes (kidney function, EF, diffuse coronary disease, complex 3V disease) rather that the presence of diabetes as a dichotomous variable





Variables related to the lesions





Anatomical complexity such as SYNTAX score, number of stents, complex CTO are important but need specific evaluation.

Anatomical variables are not only pertinent to PCI but to CABG as well.





Left Main

EXCEL established PCI non inferior to CABG

NOBLE ??





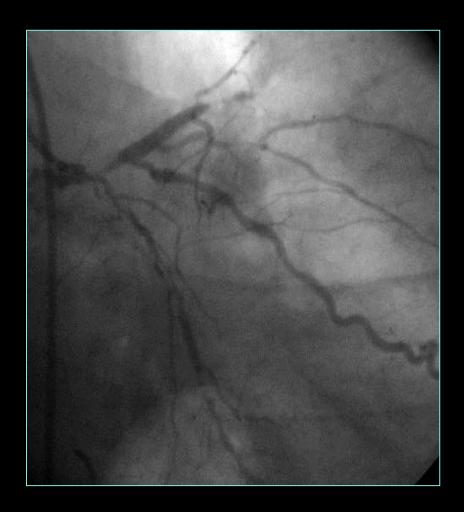
"There is Left Main Disease and Left Main Disease"

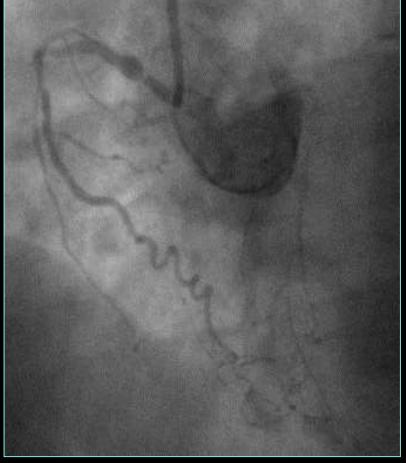
















Proximal LAD

PROTECT Trial: DES implanted on proximal LAD versus outside LAD

At 4 years follow-up incidence of myocardial infarction was 6.2% in prox. LAD stenting versus 4.9% for stents implanted outside the proximal LAD





The "INTERMEDIATE" LAD remains a weak segment for PCI

INTERMEDIATE: from ostium to distal

20 yrs. ago Richard Kuntz proposed to routinely stent LAD from ostium to mid





Variables related to the devices/procedure





A different strategy for patients with complex lesions

IVUS and FFR guidance

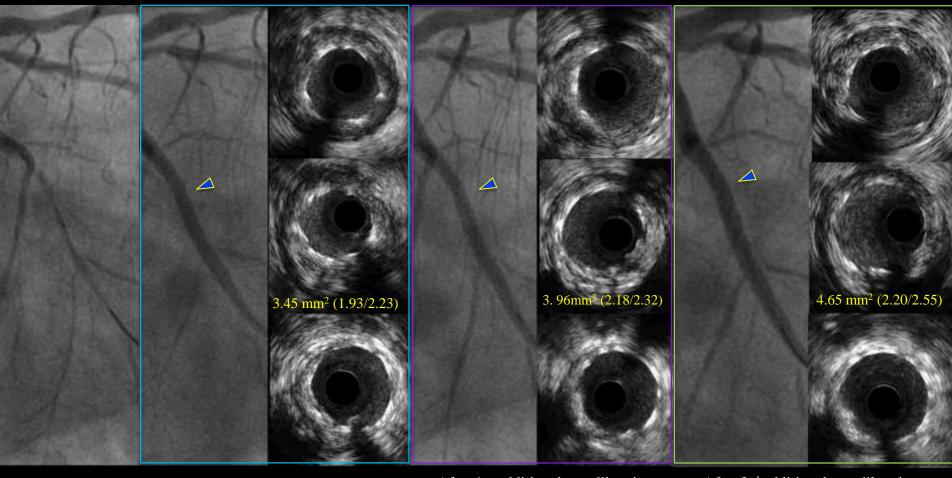
New generation DES platforms



IVUS guided stent optimization



IVUS does not work by Intention to Treat



After recanalization

After stent implantation (12 atm)

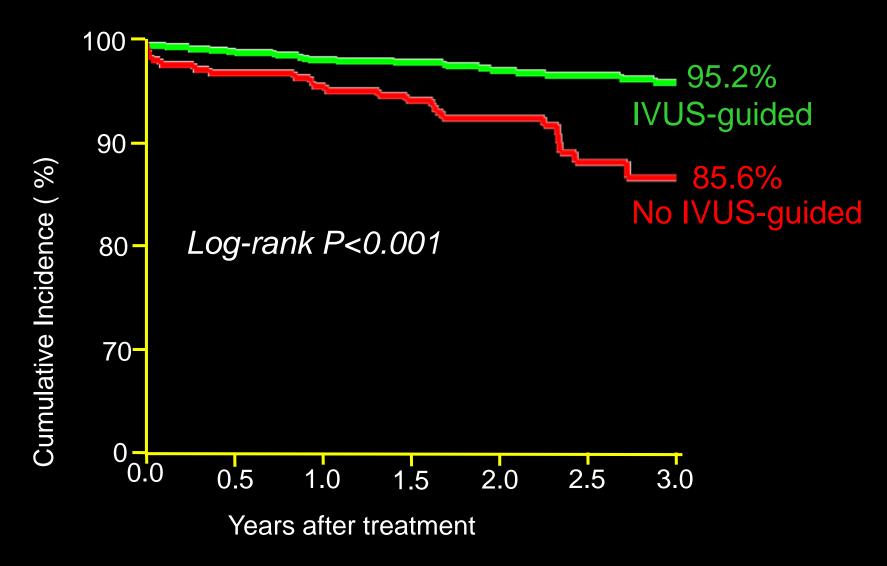
After 1st additional postdilatation 2.5 mm (18 atm)

After 2nd additional postdilatation 2.5 mm (24 atm)



All-Cause Mortality (DES patients) According to IVUS Guidance





S J Park, et al. MAIN COMPARE Registry (n=2311)



Meta-analysis of IVUS vs. Angio



	R	Non R	PTS	MAC E	Death	MI	ST	TLR	TVR	Year
Zang	3	17	29069	0.77 p<0.001	0.62 p<0.001	0.64 p<0.001	0.59 p<0.001	0.81 p<0.005	0.86 p<0.012	2015
Elgend y	8		3275	0.59 p<0.001	0.46 p<0.05	0.58 p<0.001	0.59 p<0.10	0.49 p<0.04		2016

Zhang YJ, Pang S, Chen XY, et al. Comparison of intravascular ultrasound guided versus angiography guided drug eluting stent implantation: a systematic review and meta-analysis. BMC Cardiovasc Disord 2015;15:153. -

Elgendy IY, Mahmoud A, Elgendy AY, Bavry A. Outcomes With Intravascular Ultrasound-Guided Stent Implantation: A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Trials in the Era of Drug-Eluting Stents. Circ Cardiovasc Interv 2016;9:e003700. -





Variables related to medical therapy





DAPT for how long? number needed to treat versus number needed to harm

The need to consider no polymer DES, BMS or CABG





Complete versus incomplete revascularization

CABG always demands for complete revascularization with PCI staged procedures are an option



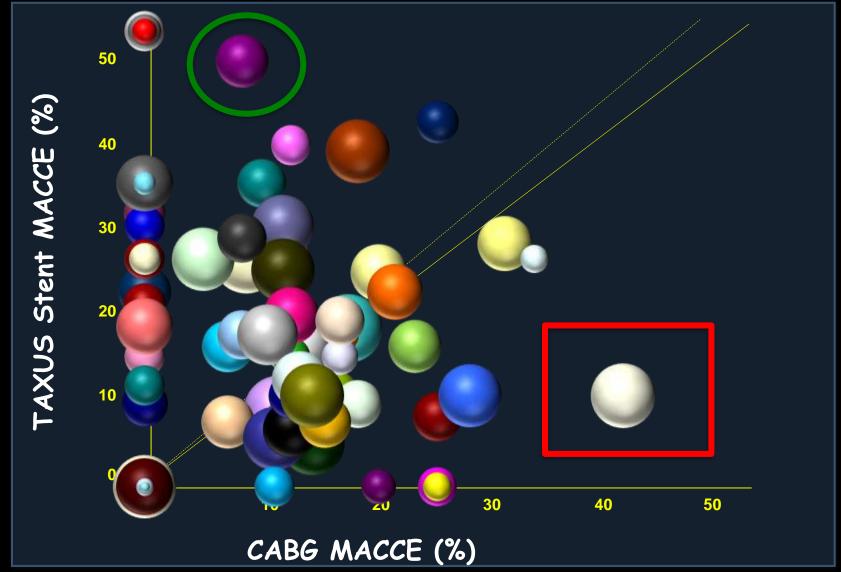


Variables related to the operator



One-year MACCE Rates per site SYNTAX Trial









Guidelines are important nevertheless we should be guided by the patient in front of us and by us

(what we can do)